



AAN-454

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

October / November - 2016

CC-I-7 : Biotechnology

(Bioprocess & Biochemical Engineering)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

1 MCQS : (all questions are compulsory) 15

- (1) Biosynthetic pathway is shutdown because of....
- (a) Over production of end product
 - (b) feed back inhibition
 - (c) Feed back repressor.
 - (d) All of above
- (2) A culture system with constant environment maintain through continuous provision of nutrient and removal of broth is called...
- (a) Batch system
 - (b) continuous system
 - (c) feed batch
 - (d) semicontinuous
- (3) A better yield of product is controlled by..
- (a) Culture condition
 - (b) optimum medium
 - (c) Genome of organism
 - (d) all of the above

- (4) In growth curve, storage phase is equivalent to
- (a) Lag phase
 - (b) late exponential phase
 - (c) stationary phase
 - (d) middle log phase
- (5) Cryogenic storage method is also called
- (a) Lyophilization
 - (b) nitrogen storage
 - (c) use of mineral oil
 - (d) storage over porceline beads
- (6) Which of the following is incorrect ?
- (a) *sachharomyces ceravesiae* : baker's yeast.
 - (b) *Penicillium chrysogenum* : Penicillin.
 - (c) *Aspergillus niger* : Citric acid
 - (d) *Streptomyces griseus* : Gluconic acid
- (7) A steady state condition in continuous culture is describe by
- (a) $\mu > D$
 - (b) $\mu < D$
 - (c) $\mu = D$
 - (d) $\mu - D$
- (8) Which of the following is a primary metabolite ?
- (a) Ethanol
 - (b) Penicillin
 - (c) vancomycin
 - (d) Erythromycin

- (9) Which type of fermentation create CO_2 as a byproduct ?
- (a) Fermentation
 - (b) ethanol
 - (c) lactic acid fermentation
 - (d) alcoholic fermentation
- (10) In Plackett burman design ,there are dummy variable
- (a) 3
 - (b) 2
 - (c) 1
 - (d) 4
- (11) What is del factor?
- (12) Give a full form of ATCC.
- (13) Define Screening.
- (14) Which sources are present in corn steep liquor ?
- (15) Draw a penicillin structure.

2 Give a short note on any **five** of the following : 25

- (1) Chemostat and Turbidostat.
- (2) Aeration and agitation device.
- (3) Inhibitor as a metabolic regulator.
- (4) Secondary screening.
- (5) Flow chart of downstream processing .
- (6) Lyophilization.
- (7) r-DNA technology for the improvement of secondary metabolite.

3 Give a detail note on any **three** of the following : **30**

- (1) Batch culture kinetics.
 - (2) Airlift and deep jet fermentor.
 - (3) Raw materials used in fermentation media.
 - (4) Fermentation of penicillin.
 - (5) Improvement of primary metabolites by selecting induce mutant.
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