



GAS-3161

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. III) Examination

November/December - 2013

Biotechnology (CORE) : Paper - III

(Cellular Metabolism - I)

Time : Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

1 Answer the following : (any **fourteen**) 14

- (1) What is used as an universal energy currency.
(A) ATP
(B) ADP
(C) AMP
- (2) _____ law of thermodynamics is law of conservation of energy.
(A) First
(B) Second
(C) Third
- (3) For a spontaneous reaction free energy change should be
(A) Negative
(B) Positive
(C) Zero
- (4) I an pace maker of glycolysis. I am _____
(A) Hexokinase
(B) Pyruvate kinase
(C) PFK-I

- (5) How many ATP molecules can be synthesized under anaerobic condition by glycolysis ?
- (A) 8
(B) 36
(C) 38
(D) 2
- (6) An enzyme is having EC number starting with 2 it should belongs to _____
- (A) Ligase
(B) Oxidoreductase
(C) Transferase
- (7) Ribozyme is ?
- (A) RNA as an enzyme
(B) Protein enzyme
(C) Applicable to all enzymes of the biosystem
- (8) What is location of glycolysis ?
- (9) Give full form of TCA cycle ?
- (10) Give one example of multi enzyme complex ?
- (11) Define gluconeogenesis.
- (12) What is unit of enzyme activity ?
- (13) Give first law of thermodynamics ?
- (14) What is enzyme ?
- (15) Give the irreversible steps of glycolysis ?
- (16) How many amino acids are present in each chain of HbA ?

2 Answer the following : (any **eight**) 16

- (1) Give the equation presenting the relation between free energy, enthalpy & entropy ?
- (2) Define redox potential.
- (3) Enlist the classes of enzyme designated by E.C.
- (4) Explain in brief about lock and key model.
- (5) What do you mean by suicide inhibitor ?
- (6) Enlist the ways for covalent modification of enzymes.
- (7) What is cofactor and coenzyme ?
- (8) What is the importance of pentose phosphate pathway ?
- (9) Define k_m .
- (10) Define second law of thermodynamics.

3 Answer the following : (any **four**) 20

- (1) Justify : ATP is energy currency of cell.
- (2) Explain about effect of temperature and pH on enzyme activity.
- (3) Explain about allosteric regulation of enzyme.
- (4) Write a note on Gluconeogenesis.
- (5) Explain about redox reactions and redox potential.
- (6) Discuss about anaerobic fate of pyruvate.

4 Answer the following : (any two) 20

- (1) What is bioenergetics ? Explain in detail about equilibrium constant and its biological significance.
- (2) Explain about M-M equation. Add a note on significance of K_m and V_{max} .
- (3) Write a detailed note on reversible inhibition of enzyme.
- (4) Explain in detail : TCA cycle. Add an account of ATP production in TCA cycle.

3 Answer the following : (any four) 20

- (1) Justify : ATP is energy currency of cell.
- (2) Explain about effect of temperature and pH on enzyme activity.
- (3) Explain about allosteric regulation of enzyme.
- (4) Write a note on Gluconeogenesis.
- (5) Explain about redox reactions and redox potential.
- (6) Discuss about anaerobic fate of pyruvate.