



ACA-3861

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**M. Sc. (Sem. II) Examination**

**March/April – 2019**

**Mathematics : Paper - MTHP-5**

*(Advanced Topology)*

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 90

**Instructions :**

- (1) All questions are compulsory.
- (2) Standard notations and conventions are followed.

1 Answer the following : (any three)

18

- (1) Show that every metrizable space with countable dense subset has a countable basis.
- (2) Show that  $\mathbb{R}^I$  is Lindelöf space.
- (3) For a continuous function  $f : X \rightarrow Y$ , show that  $X$  is Lindelöf then  $F(X)$  is Lindelöf.
- (4) Prove that if  $X$  is separable then every collection of disjoint open sets in  $X$  is countable.

2 Answer the following : (any three)

18

- (1) Prove that every compact Hausdorff space is normal.
- (2) Prove that every regular Lindelöf space is normal.

- (3) Show that every connected normal space having more than one point is uncountable.
- (4) Prove that every well ordered set is normal in order topology.

3 Answer the following : (any two)

18

- (1) State and prove existence of finite partitions of unity.
- (2) Let  $X$  be completely regular space. Show that  $X$  is connected if and only if  $\beta(X)$  is connected.
- (3) Prove that for a completely regular space  $X$ , there exists a compactification  $Y$  of  $X$  such that every bounded continuous function  $f : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  extends to a continuous function from  $Y$  to  $\mathbb{R}$ .

4 Answer the following : (any two)

18

- (1) Prove that a metric space  $(X, d)$  is compact if and only if it is complete and totally bounded.
- (2) Show that if metric space  $(Y, d)$  is complete then the space  $(Y^J, \bar{\rho})$  is complete. Where  $\bar{\rho}$  is uniform metric corresponding to metric  $d$ .
- (3) Prove that for metric space  $(X, d)$  there exists an isometric imbedding of  $X$  into a complete metric space.

5 Answer the following : (any six)

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- (1) Give an example of Lindelöff space which is not second countable.
  - (2) Define completely regular space and prove that subspace of completely regular space is completely regular.
  - (3) Define Stone - Čech Compactification.
  - (4) Derive relation between uniform metric and sup metric.
  - (5) Is every bounded space totally bounded ?  
Justify your answer.
  - (6) Prove Tietze extension theorem using Urysohn lemma.
  - (7) Prove that every normal space is regular space.
  - (8) Show that every finite set is closed in Hausdorff space.
  - (9) Give an example of Baire Space.
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