



KT-5251

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. V) Examination

November / December - 2014

Foundation English

(Compulsory English)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- 1 (a) Write a detailed note about how the astrologer saves his life. 15

OR

- (b) Attempt a critical appreciation the 'Sonnet 29' by Shakespeare.

- 2 Answer briefly any five of the following- 20

- (a) How much money did the astrologer usually charge per question?
- (b) How gnus decreased in numbers?
- (c) Why did Gerald Durrell move around the zoo at night?
- (d) How had the Indian education system trained Gopal?
- (e) How does the poet address the God?
- (f) What does the poet say about knowledge?
- (g) What does the poet say about the owner of the woods?
- (h) What is the emotional state of the poet when the sonnet begins?

- 3 (A) Change the following into indirect speech 6
(any 6)

- (a) The teacher said, " Students!Work hard."
- (b) He said to his friends, " When can you help me in this matter?"

- (c) He said, " Let us think about our future."
 - (d) I said to my friends, " Don't behave in this way, please."
 - (e) My father said to me, " Never tell lie to anybody."
 - (f) Ram says, " They must serve the country."
 - (g) "When did you last see him?" asked my sister.
- (B) Fill in the blanks with appropriate conjunctions : (any 6) 6

- (a) _____ did he find the gold chain _____ he jumped with joy.
- (b) _____ he has prepared well, he will not get good placement.
- (c) Be honest, _____ you should lose respect in society.
- (d) You should help _____ Ram _____ Shyam in your project in any condition.
- (e) _____ he has got good result, he will enjoy party tonight.
- (f) You must make your career _____ your parents are with you.
- (g) He supported him _____ he might make his career.

- (C) Use any five of the followings in meaningful sentences (any 6) 6
Get off, keep up, bring up, fall through, onaccount of, cut down, put off.

- 4 Translate the following passage into Gujarati or Hindi : 10

He was good looking, capable young man of fortune, and until he was twenty nine, he lived the ordinary aristocratic life of his time. It was not a very satisfying life intellectually. There was no literature except the oral tradition of the Vedas, and that was chiefly monopolized by Brahmins; there was even less knowledge. The world was

bound by the snowy Himalayas to the north and spread indefinitely to the south. The city of Banaras, which had a king, was about hundred miles away. The chief amusements -were hunting and love-making. All the good that life seemed to offer, Gautama enjoyed. He was married at nineteen to a beautiful cousin. For some years, they remained childless. He hunted and played and went about in his sunny world of gardens and groves and irrigated rice fields. And it was amidst this life that a great discontent fell upon him. It was the unhappiness of a fine brain that seeks employment. He lived amidst plenty and beauty. He passed from gratification to gratification, and his soul was not satisfied. It is as if he had heard the destinies of the race calling to him. He felt that the existence he was leading was not the reality of life, but a holiday- a holiday that had gone on too long.

- 5 (A) Draft a dialogue between two friends on the advantage of rural life. 7

OR

- (B) Draft a dialogue between a doctor and a patient who is suffering from malaria. 7